# Interactive Television & Online Video

Course: Current Topics in Media Computing and Human-Computer Interaction

Lecturer: Christian Corsten, M.Sc.





Watching Television in the 1950s





# http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u5TdRhNLOPk

Interactive TV in the 1950s

# From TV to Interactive TV (iTV)

- I. Conventional TVWatching
- 2. Enhanced TV

  Teletext

```
Mit dem Zweiten
sieht man besser

Keine Einigung beim Fiskalpakt .. 120
EU: Troika kontrolliert Madrid .. 123
OECD kritisiert Betreuungsgeld .. 126

England punktet gegen Frankreich 204
Ukraine siegt dank Schewtschenko 206
Löw: "Personell keine Probleme" . 214
FIFA: Blatter beruhigt Beckenbauer 227

OO. 20 Kleines Fernsehspiel ... 322
O1. 50 UEFA EURO 2012 (TM) ... 323

Inhalt (A-Z) 101 Kalenderblatt
Nachrichten . 112 Geburtstage ... 591
Programm ... 300 Historisches ... 592
Service .... 500 Woher kommt? ... 595
Magazin Überblick Index A-D Nachricht
```

# From TV to Interactive TV (iTV)

- I. Conventional TVWatching
- 2. Enhanced TV

  Teletext
- Personalized TV
   Recordings,
   Content navigation



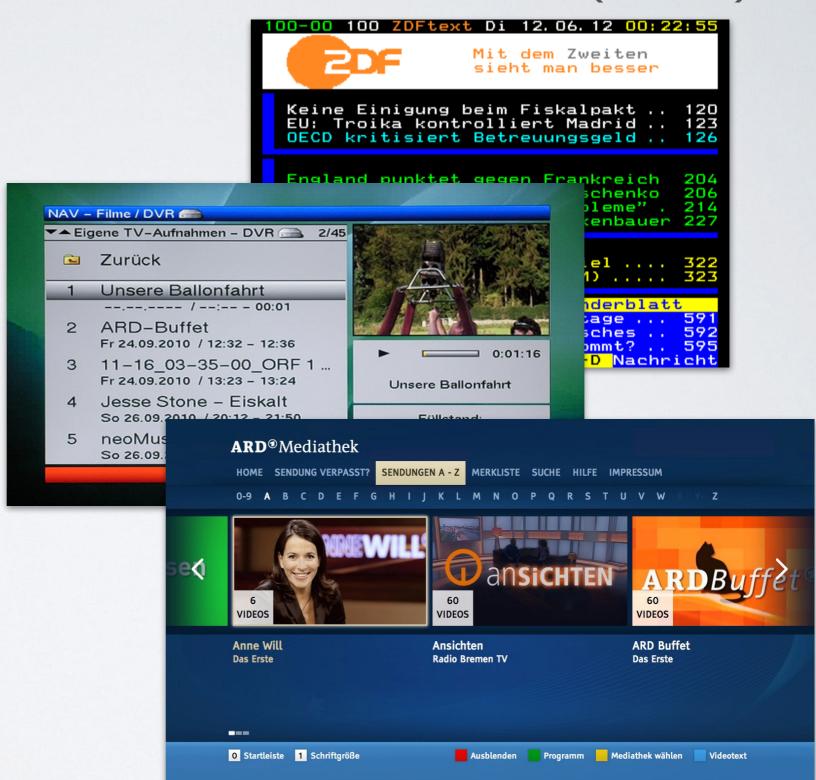
# From TV to Interactive TV (iTV)

- I. Conventional TV

  Watching
- 2. Enhanced TV

  Teletext
- Personalized TV
   Recordings,
   Content navigation
- 4. Interactive TV

  Return Channel



### Online Video

### Individual Choice

### User Participation



A Power Shift?









FIFA WM Brasilien 2014™ D by EA - Electronic Arts (deutsch)



FIFA WM 2014 - Per Mertesacker im ZDF-Interview nach Deutschland -

by Krencho | 1K ♥



WM 2014 Brasilien Per Mertesacker vs Redakteur

by amazing stuff



Webvideopreis 2014 - Shneezin zieht sich NACKT aus! Kollegah HATE?!



Per Mertesacker ZDF-Interview Deutschland Algerien 2:1, Fußball WM

by World Cup 2014



Deutscher Webvideopreis 2014 - die Gala (Würstchen-free Edition)

by Deutscher Webvideopreis



**KOLLEGAH & 257ers PENIS** SKANDAL: WEBVIDEOPREIS, 3

v TV strassensound



FIFA WM 2014 - Per Mertesacker im ZDF-Interview nach dem Algerien-Spiel



FIFA WM 2014 - Per Mertesacker im ZDF-Interview nach Deutschland -

by Chico1LiVe





Menü/Gameplay Analyse + Fazit |

\*\*Deutschland : Portugal → 4:0 (3:0) by LimbachOberfrohnaTV



Paul Heyman - FIFA WM 2014 - Per Mertesacker im ZDF-Interview nach

y AmazingTUBE



FIFA WM 2014 - Per Mertesacker im ZDF-Interview nach dem Algerien-Spiel by MY SHOW



FIFA WM 2014 - Per Mertesacker im ZDF-Interview nach dem Algerien-Spiel by MY SHOW





Reply · 2 If #

R: "Per Mertesacker, congratulations on reaching the quarter-finals. What made the german game so dull and so fragile?"

video here: youtube.com/watch?v=H8hr6UN9VtA

earned me over \$600 extra so far today xD

now people did you also know its now possible to trick over luck? I mean watch this

Q

Individual Choice

User Participation



A Power Shift?



NETFLIX

Just for Kids → Taste Profile → DVDs

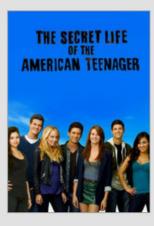
Movies,

Top TV Shows for Benjamin









FIFA WM 2014 - Per Mertesacker im ZDF-Inte







ALL COMMENTS (1,037)

Top comments ∨

Published on Jun 30, 2014 Bereits jetzt schon legendär! Das ZDF-Interview mit Deutschlands Verteidiger Per Mertesacker nach dem Achtenfinal-Sieg über Algerien am 30. Juni 2014. Das Spiel endete 2:1 n.V.

Alle Rechte gehen an das ZDF © 2014

Share your thoughts

nknownWebUser 2 days ago [ENGLISH SUBTITLE VERSION]

**Popular on Netflix** 





**Family Guy** 1999-2012 TV-14 11 Seasons In Seth MacFarlane's no-holds-barred animated show, buffoonish Peter Griffin and his dysfunctional family experience wacky misadventures. More Info Starring: Seth MacFarlane, Alex Borstein Creator: Seth MacFarlane



+ My List

Reporter: Congrats for making it into the next round. What made the difficult today?

Read more (20 lines) Reply · 26 🐞 🌗

View all 7 replies v



UnknownWebUser 1 day ago (edited) +Marc Walters

Thanks for your feedback but seriously I don't really care. I tried to translate it as quick as possible for the english folks and of course you can argue that I made some mistakes here and there. In the end it's only important that people get the point of

the interview.



now people did you also know its now possible to trick over luck? I mean watch this video here: youtube.com/watch?v=H8hr6UN9VtA

earned me over \$600 extra so far today xD

Reply · 2 If #

german game so dull and so fragile?"



R: "Per Mertesacker, congratulations on reaching the quarter-finals. What made the











FIFA WM 2014 - Per Mertesacker im ZDF-Interview nach dem Algerien-Spie by MY SHOW



FIFA WM 2014 - Per Mertesacker im ZDF-Interview nach dem Algerien-Spiel by MY SHOW



2,294

O	TOP TE	N SERIES ON TWITTER	Ranked by Average Unique Audience Sept. 1, 2013-May 25, 2014		
RANK	NETWORK	PROGRAM	AVERAGE AUDIENCE (000)	AVERAGE TWEETS (000)	
1	AMC	BREAKING BAD	6,026	521	
2	AMC	THE WALKING DEAD	5,168	576	
3	ABC FAMILY	PRETTY LITTLE LIARS	4,778	675	
4	ABC	THE BACHELOR	3,620	196	
5	НВО	GAME OF THRONES	3,507	153	
6	MTV	TEEN WOLF	3,342	499	
7	FX	AMERICAN HORROR STORY: COVEN	2,837	192	
8	ABC	SCANDAL	2,430	405	

Read as: An average of 6.0 million distinct Twitter accounts viewed one or more of the \$21,000 Tweets sent on average about each newflive episode of Breaking Bad on AMC.

Source: Nelsen, Data from 9/1/2013 - 05/25/2014. Nelsen Social measures Tweets in the U.S. from three hours before, during and three hours after airing, local time. Unique Audience of Tweets ascribed to an airing is measured from when the Tweets are sent until the end of the broadcast day at Sam. Prior to 1/1/14, Nelsen Twitter TV Ratings were only available for English-language networks. Data includes newlive airings on Broadcast and National Cable Networks only. Series exclude programs with less than 5 telecasts.



NBC

THE VOICE

DANCING WITH THE STARS

AN UNCOMMON SENSE OF THE CONSUMER™

Ranked by Unique Audience

Sept. 1, 2013-May 25, 2014

AUDIENCE TWEETS

### O TOP TEN SER

RANK 1	NETWORK	PROGRAM  BREAKING E
1	AMC	BREAKING E
2	AMC	THE WALKIN
3	ABC FAMILY	PRETTY LITT
4	ABC	THE BACHE
5	НВО	GAME OF TH
6	MTV	TEEN WOLF
7	FX	AMERICAN
8	ABC	SCANDAL
9	NBC	THE VOICE
10	ABC	DANCING W

Read as: An average of 6.0 million distinct Twitter a

Source: Nielsen, Data from 9/1/2013 - 05/25/2014. Audience of Tweets ascribed to an airing is measure available for English-language networks. Data include



1 FOX SUPER BOWL XLVIII 2/2/14 15,318 25,328 Denver Broncos vs. Seottle Seohawks NFL FOOTBALL: NFC CHAMPIONSHIP FOX 11,383 4,957 1/19/14 2,492 3 CBS NFL FOOTBALL: AFC CHAMPIONSHIP 10,863 1/19/14 New England Patriots at Denver Broncos 4 2014 VIZIO BCS NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP 10,404 4,392 1/6/14 5 CBS 2014 NCAA BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT: FINAL 9,953 2,613 NBC XXII WINTER OLYMPICS 6 2/7/14 9,597 1,101 7 FOX NFL FOOTBALL: NFC WILD CARD 9,192 1,391 1/5/14 8 TNT 2014 NBA ALL-STAR GAME 2/16/14 9,026 2,264 COLLEGE FOOTBALL 9 11/30/13 8,970 2,032 10 NFL FOOTBALL: NFC DIVISIONAL PLAYOFF 8,873 1,501 1/12/14

TOP TEN SPORTS EVENTS ON TWITTER

Read as: Over 15.3 million distinct Twitter accounts viewed one or more of the 25.3 million Tweets sent about Super Bowl XLVIII on FOX.

Source: Nielsen. Data from 9/1/2013 - 05/25/2014. Nielsen Social measures Tweets in the U.S. from three hours before, during and three hours after airing, local time. Unique Audience of Tweets ascribed to an airing is measured from when the Tweets are sent until the end of the broadcast day at 5am. Prior to 1/1/14, Nielsen Twitter TV Ratings were only available for English-language networks. Data includes newfive airings on Broadcast and National Cable Networks only.



RANK

NETWORK PROGRAM

AN UNCOMMON SENSE OF THE CONSUMER™

Copyright @ 2014 The Nielsen Company. All rigi





Doctor Who



### THE DAY OF THE DOCTOR | SAT 23 NOV 2013 | 7:50PM - 9:05PM

442,692

202,267 451.5M 2,745

re/day share/time peak tpm
.8% 61.6% 12,939

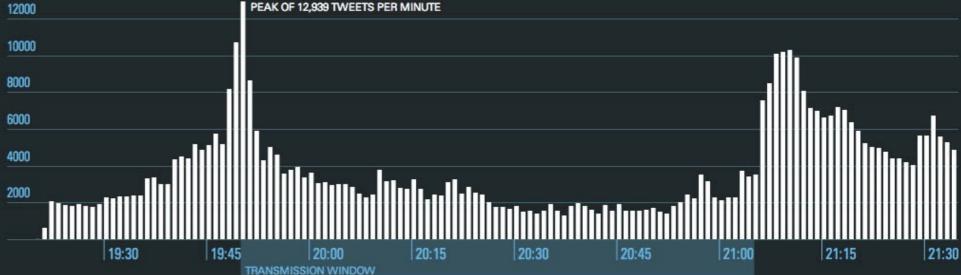
MALE 40%



FEMALE 60%

### TWEETS PER MINUTE

TOTAL VOLUME



COPYRIGHT @2013 SECONDSYNC LTD

SECONDSYNC.COM | @SECONDSYNC

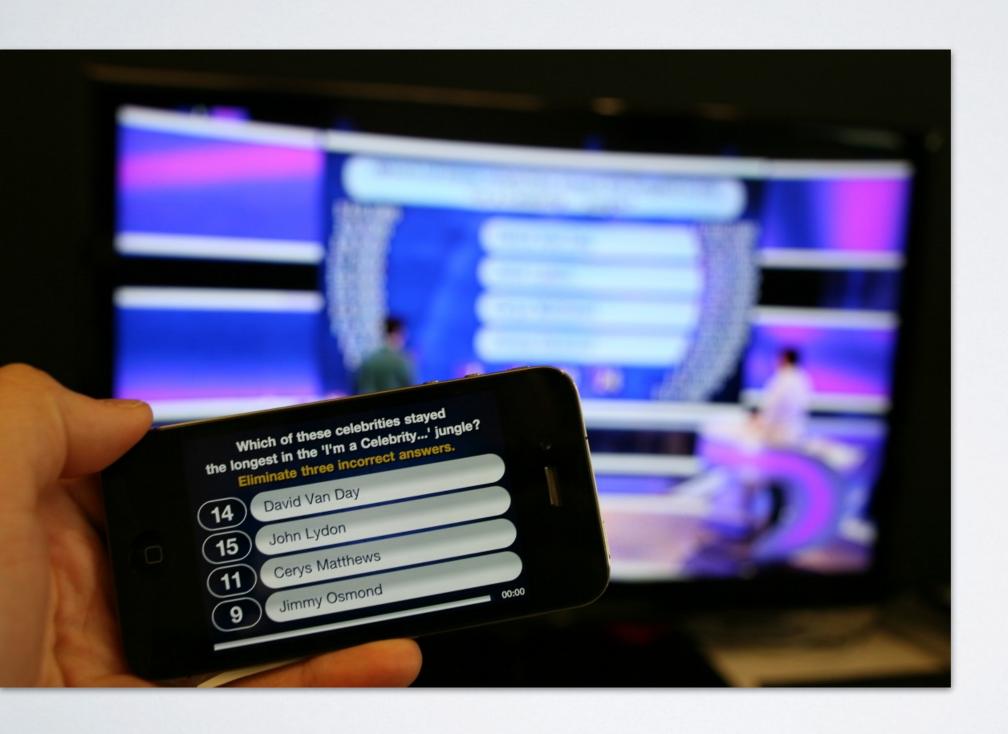
Copyright © 2014 The Nielsen Company. All rig

Copyright © 2014 The Nielsen Company. All rights reserved, twenter and the tweeter logo are procedures or registered trademarks or CE ITCAIN trademarks, L.L.

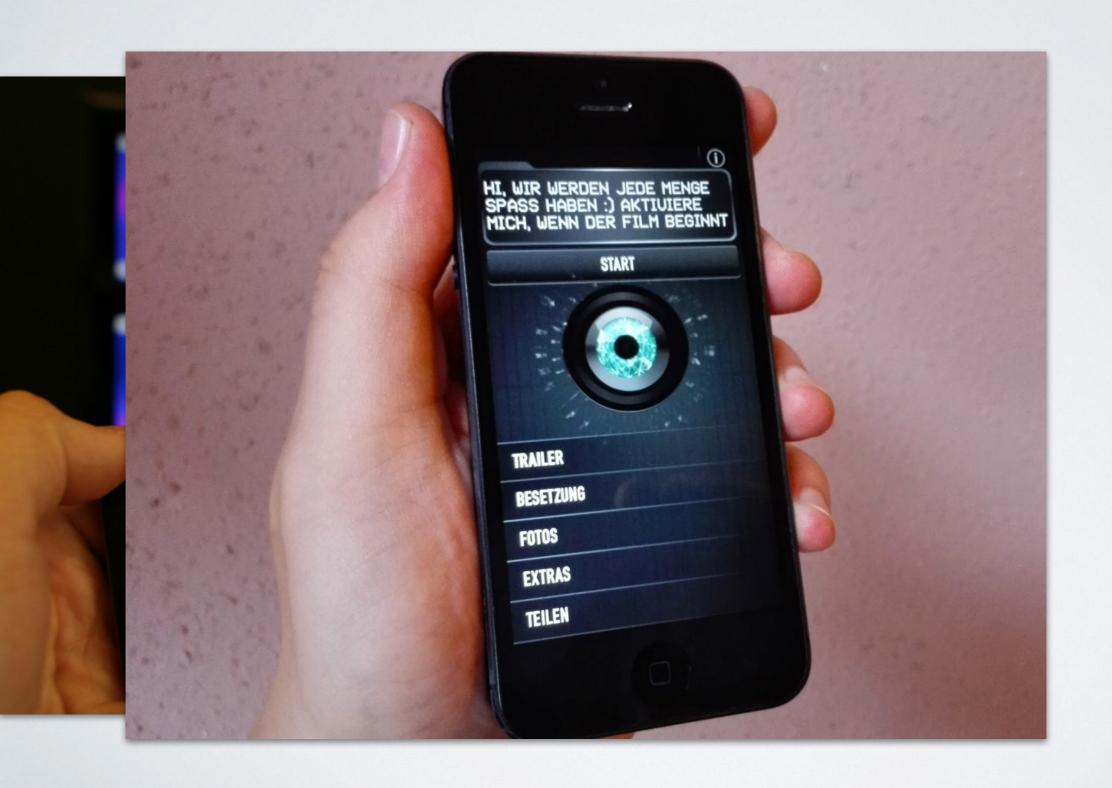




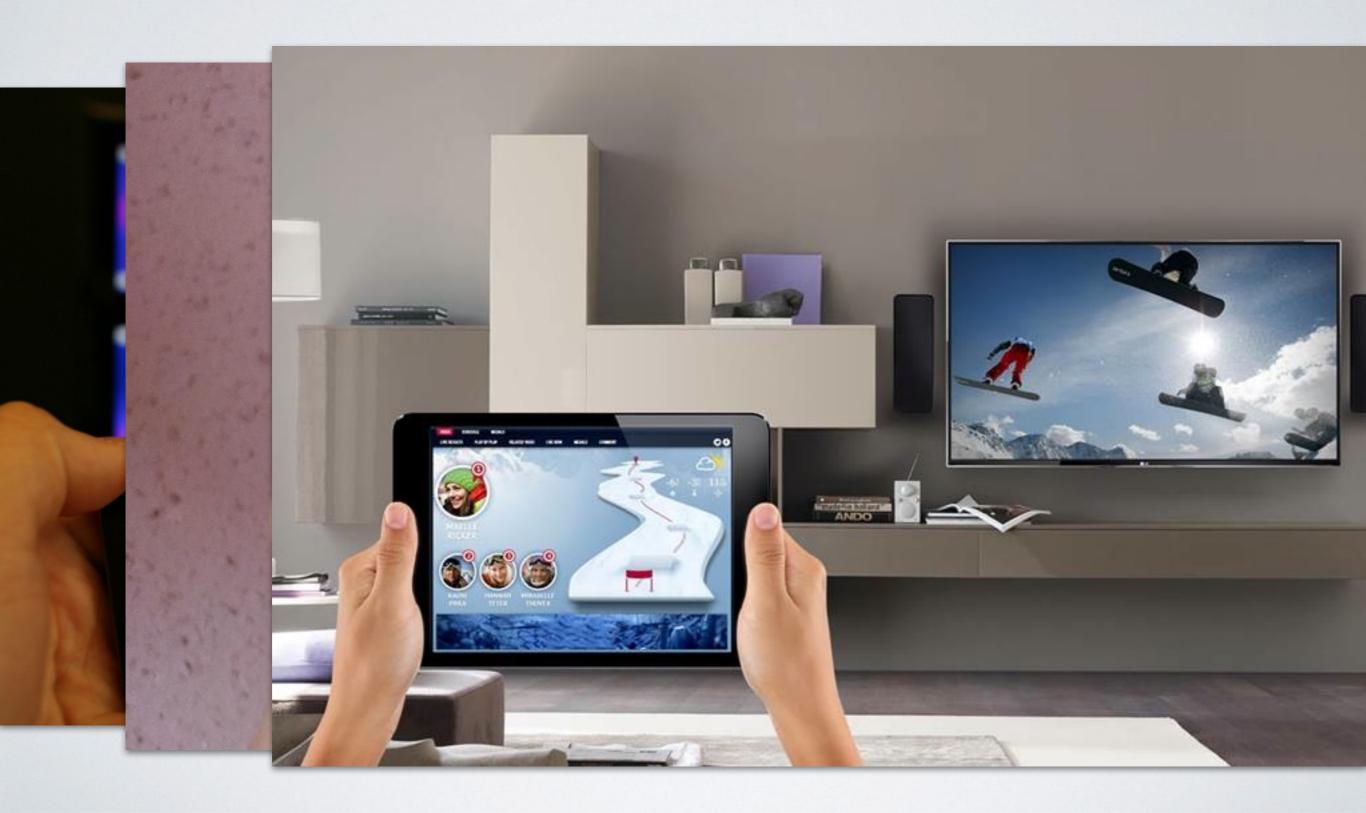
# Trends in iTV: 2nd Screen Apps



# Trends in iTV: 2nd Screen Apps



# Trends in iTV: 2nd Screen Apps



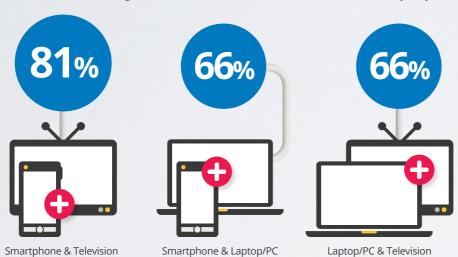
## The New Multi-Screen World

(Survey by Google, 2012)

Purpose: understanding cross-platform consumer behavior

### We also multi-screen by using more than one device simultaneously

We use an average of three different screen combinations every day



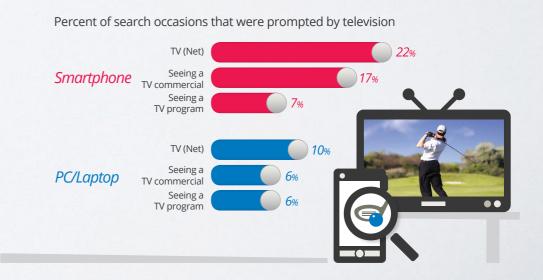
### TV no longer commands our full attention



### Consumers search for things they see on TV



### TV is a major catalyst for search



# Cross-Screen Engagement

### Device

### Role within Pathway

### TV & Streaming Console Content



- Used at home and in the evening, often with others present
- Likely shows normal TV content, often as background noise—it's often a secondary device to other activities on the partner screen
- The TV's purest 'everyman' and 'jester' performance, simply providing some entertainment and little else

### Laptop



- More likely to be chosen if alone—and sometimes in the morning, when more pragmatic and time-sensitive tasks are carried out
- Brings control and efficiency—the TV is there to soften the task and ensure there is some enjoyment involved
- A workhorse in this situation, often used for investigation and understanding as it relates to decision-making

### Mobile



- More likely to be used if others are present
- Distracts less from company and from the other device being used
- One-to-one communication is the key task here, important emails or texts
- Brings a social aspect to the activity; it's less of an intimate 'lover' and more of a 'caregiver' and 'everyman'
- Can also help with information if required, however

### Tablet



- Slightly more likely than the phone to be used when alone, partly because it takes a bit more attention away from the moment
- Often used for involved activities such as gaming or video viewing, distracting from what's on the other screen
- A demanding 'ruler', but can also deepen the enjoyment of the entire situation—tablet + TV is often more enjoyable than TV alone, even among separate multi-screening scenarios

### Television: The Everyman



Television, our most established screen, has fully grown into "The Everyman"; it's the most popular device for multi-screening behavior. TV delivers passive entertainment, enjoyment, familiarity and comfort. It's best positioned to provide emotional brand experiences that are intuitive and easy to understand, but more

and more consumers are using a second device while watching television: seven out of 10 consumers use a second device while watching TV. Marketers will likely find deeper engagement when driving consumers from the TV to alternate screens, such as the tablet.

"Something about a giant TV makes you feel less lonely. I'm a student living alone, and having the TV on as background noise as I'm folding laundry or doing other menial tasks makes me feel less like a crazy cat lady."

Nicolette, US

(Survey by Microsoft, 2013)

# Cross-Screen Engagement

### Device

### Role within Pathway

### TV & Streaming Console Content



- Used at home and in the evening, often with others present
- Likely shows normal TV content, often as background noise—it's often a secondary device to other activities on the partner screen
- The TV's purest 'everyman' and 'jester' performance, simply providing some entertainment and little else

### Laptop



- More likely to be chosen if alone—and sometimes in the morning, when more pragmatic and time-sensitive tasks are carried out
- Brings control and efficiency—the TV is there to soften the task and ensure there is some enjoyment involved
- A workhorse in this situation, often used for investigation and understanding as it relates to decision-making

### Mobile



- More likely to be used if others are present
- Distracts less from company and from the other device being used
- One-to-one communication is the key task here, important emails or texts
- Brings a social aspect to the activity; it's less of an intimate 'lover' and more of a 'caregiver' and 'everyman'
- Can also help with information if required, however

### Tablet



- Slightly more likely than the phone to be used when alone, partly because it takes a bit more attention away from the moment
- Often used for involved activities such as gaming or video viewing, distracting from what's on the other screen
- A demanding 'ruler', but can also deepen the enjoyment of the entire situation—tablet + TV is often more enjoyable than TV alone, even among separate multi-screening scenarios

### Television: The Everyman



Television, our most established screen, has fully grown into "The Everyman"; it's the most popular device for multi-screening behavior. TV delivers passive entertainment, enjoyment, familiarity and comfort. It's best positioned to provide emotional brand experiences that are intuitive and easy to understand, but more

and more consumers are using a second device while watching television: seven out of 10 consumers use a second device while watching TV. Marketers will likely find deeper engagement when driving consumers from the TV to alternate screens, such as the tablet.

"Something about a giant TV makes you feel less lonely. I'm a student living alone, and having the TV on as background noise as I'm folding laundry or doing other menial tasks makes me feel less like a crazy cat lady."

Nicolette, US

(Survey by Microsoft, 2013)

# Cross-Screen Engagement

### Device

### Role within Pathway

### TV & Streaming Console Content



- Used at home and in the evening, often with others present
- Likely shows normal TV content, often as background noise—it's often a secondary device to other activities on the partner screen
- The TV's purest 'everyman' and 'jester' performance, simply providing some entertainment and little else

### Laptop



- More likely to be chosen if alone—and sometimes in the morning, when more pragmatic and time-sensitive tasks are carried out
- Brings control and efficiency—the TV is there to soften the task and ensure there is some enjoyment involved
- A workhorse in this situation, often used for investigation and understanding as it relates to decision-making

### Mobile



- More likely to be used if others are present
- Distracts less from company and from the other device being used
- One-to-one communication is the key task here, important emails or texts
- Brings a social aspect to the activity; it's less of an intimate 'lover' and more of a 'caregiver' and 'everyman'
- Can also help with information if required, however

### Tablet



- Slightly more likely than the phone to be used when alone, partly because it takes a bit more attention away from the moment
- Often used for involved activities such as gaming or video viewing, distracting from what's on the other screen
- A demanding 'ruler', but can also deepen the enjoyment of the entire situation—tablet + TV is often more enjoyable than TV alone, even among separate multi-screening scenarios

### Television: The Everyman



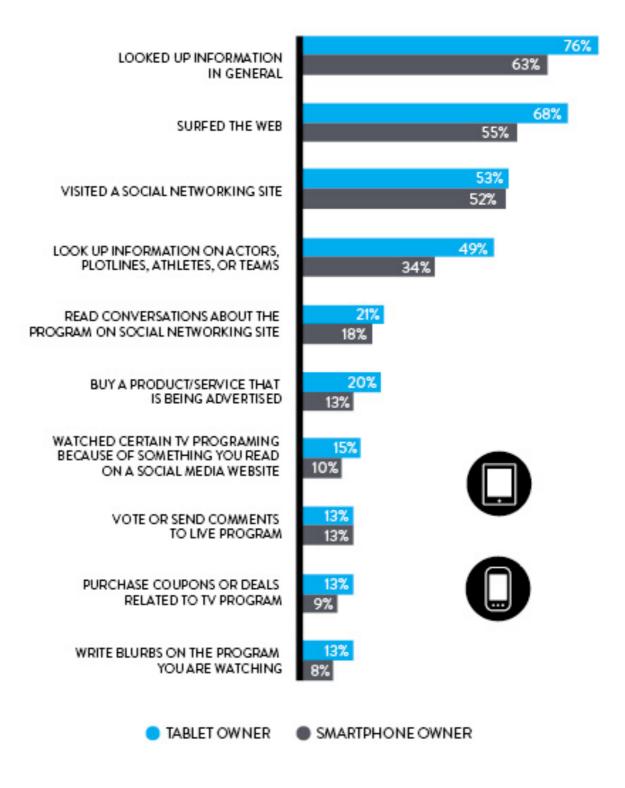
Television, our most established screen, has fully grown into "The Everyman"; it's the most popular device for multi-screening behavior. TV delivers passive entertainment, enjoyment, familiarity and comfort. It's best positioned to provide emotional brand experiences that are intuitive and easy to understand, but more

and more consumers are using a second device while watching television: seven out of 10 consumers use a second device while watching TV. Marketers will likely find deeper engagement when driving consumers from the TV to alternate screens, such as the tablet.

"Something about a giant TV makes you feel less lonely. I'm a student living alone, and having the TV on as background noise as I'm folding laundry or doing other menial tasks makes me feel less like a crazy cat lady."

Nicolette, US

(Survey by Microsoft, 2013)



Source: Nielsen



# iTV on the 1st Screen



- Multimedia Home Platform First specification: 2000
- Interactive Java applications
- Backchannel support
  - Home shopping, Interactive quizzes, Information retrieval
- Discontinued in Germany



# iTV on the 1st Screen



- Multimedia Home Platform First specification: 2000
- Interactive Java applications
- Backchannel support
  - Home shopping, Interactive quizzes, Information retrieval
- Discontinued in Germany



# iTV on the 1st Screen m(n)p



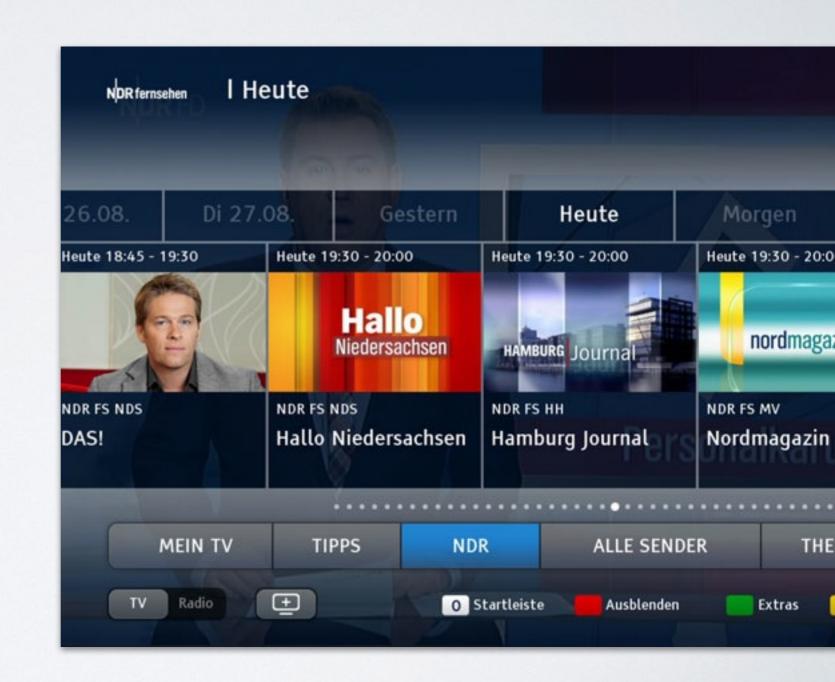
- Multimedia Home Platform First specification: 2000
- Interactive Java applications
- Backchannel support
  - Home shopping, Interactive quizzes, Information retrieval
- Discontinued in Germany



# iTV on the 1st Screen HbbTV



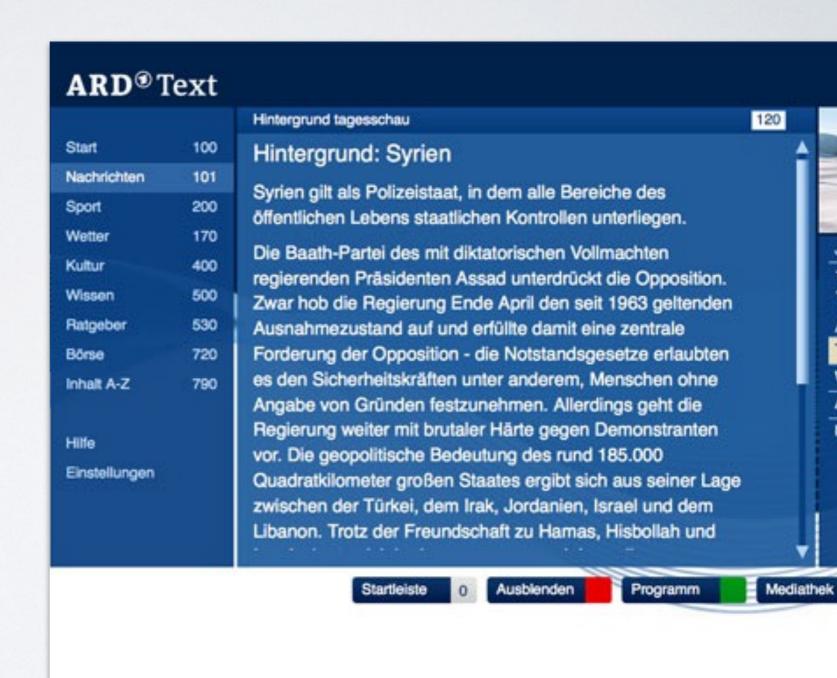
- Hybrid Broadcast Broadband TV
- "Red button"
- HTML5-based
- Better graphics
- Catch-up services Polls High definition video text



# iTV on the 1st Screen HobTV



- Hybrid Broadcast Broadband TV
- "Red button"
- HTML5-based
- Better graphics
- Catch-up services Polls High definition video text





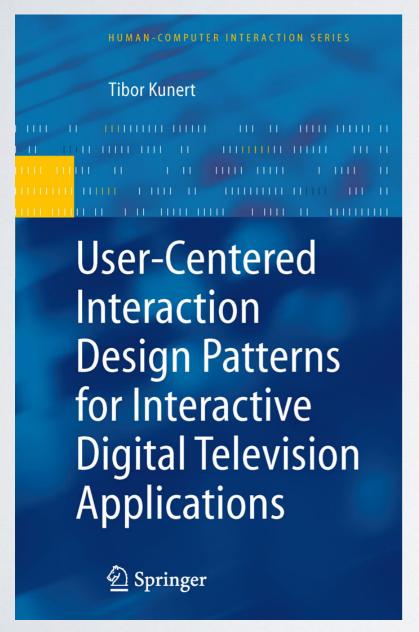
DEMO | arte +7 HbbTV Portal

# iTV on the 1st Screen

Various broadcasters, various applications



# Design Patterns for iTV Applications



T. Kunert, 2009

### Pattern Language (42 patterns):

- A. Page Layout
- B. Navigation
- C. Remote Control Keys
- D. Basic Functions
- E. Content Presentation
- F. User Participation
- G. Text Input
- H. Help
- I. Accessibility & Personalization
- J. Specific User Groups

Evidence	This pattern is based on usability tests of two applications. Each application was tested by six test participants as typical iTV users. The task was to access a particular content item by using tabs.			
Related Patterns	ARROW KEYS (C2)			

### 5.3.3 Pattern Group C: Remote Control Keys

CHOOSING THE RIGHT KEYS (C1) Name

Examples





Fig. 5.19 BBC News (BBC, UK) Fig. 5.20 Sky News Active (Sky, UK)

Context

Based on CHOOSING THE RIGHT PAGE LAYOUT (A1) a layout has been chosen and based on MULTIPLE WAYS TO NAVIGATE (B1) one or more ways to navigate have been chosen too.

Problem

The design of remote controls varies widely. Some keys are standardised and provided by every remote control:

- ARROW KEYS (C2): Up, down, left and right
- OK-KEY (C3)
- COLOUR KEYS (C4: Red, green, yellow and blue
- NUMBER KEYS (C5): 0-9

However, these keys vary a lot in their form, position and labelling from control to control. Besides the standard keys some remote controls offer SPECIAL KEYS (C6), e.g. a key for GOING ONE LEVEL UP (E7). Each kind of these keys has specific pros and cons to be considered when deciding on which of them to use.

N. C. State Land	Advantages	Disadvantages		
Arrow keys OK-key	- Easily found by touch without viewing the remote control.	Usually several keys have to be pressed: choosing an item with arrow keys and confirming the choice with the OK-key.		
Colour keys	Easily found by touch withou viewing the remote control.   Leveller 1	<ul> <li>Not good for choosing between options, only for confirming a user or a default choice.</li> </ul>		
	Usually only one press of one key.	<ul> <li>Only suitable for up to four options.</li> <li>Hard to find by touch. Users have to view the remote control to find the right key, dividing their attention between the screen and the control. The task is even trickier in the dark.</li> </ul>		

Special keys	- Usually only one press of one - Not available to all
Special and	<ul> <li>key for the tallying function.</li> <li>Consistent across applications.</li> <li>Users may be unaware of the special keys available on their remote control.</li> <li>Hard to find by touch. The snags are the same as with colour and number keys</li> </ul>
Solution	<ul> <li>Arrow keys: Use arrow keys to choose an item, like an item in a secondary menu. Use arrow keys together with the OK-key.</li> <li>OK-key: Use the OK-key to confirm a choice.</li> <li>Colour keys: Use colour keys for choices which have to be efficient and for choosing items in the main menu.</li> <li>Number keys: Use number keys too for efficient choices. If arrow keys are used to choose items in a main menu, use number keys too as shortcuts.</li> <li>Special key: Use special keys only as shortcuts. Ensure that the same user action can be carried out without using a special key. Use special keys for actions commonly needed or useful for all or most applications.</li> </ul>
Evidence	• Literature: British Broadcasting Corporation (2002, p. 27), Rinnetmäki (2004), Carmichael (1999, p. 81)
Related Patterns	Canada a proposition and the second
Name	ARROW KEYS (C2)
Examples	**Multiscreen Shedule Medais Table Ness  **Drücken Sie OK. um zu Ihrer persönlichen Nachrichtenauswahl zu gelangen  **Nachrichten ***  **Assential Uberhald Active Tobar  **Tobar  **Product Active Tobar  **Product Active To
	Fig. 5.21 BBC Sport (BBC, UK)  Fig. 5.22 iNews prototype (TU Ilmenau)
Context	Based on CHOOSING THE RIGHT KEYS (C1) the arrow keys have been chosen as most suitable.
Problem	<ul> <li>Advantages: Easily found by touch without viewing the remote control.</li> <li>Disadvantages: Usually several key presses are needed: Choosing an item with the arrow keys and confirming the choice with the OK-key. The confirmation is useful in lessening the consequences of typing errors.</li> <li>Typical uses: Choosing an item: Usually in combination with the OK-key (C3). The arrow keys are used to choose an item and the OK-key to confirm the choice, e.g. to choose an item in a MENU</li> </ul>

# In-Class Exercise

**Tibor Kunert User-Centered** Interaction Design Patterns for Interactive Digital Television **Applications** 2 Springer

T. Kunert, 2009

Pattern GI: Multiple Ways to Input Text

Task: Roughly sketch

- Examples
- Problem
- Solution
- Evidence

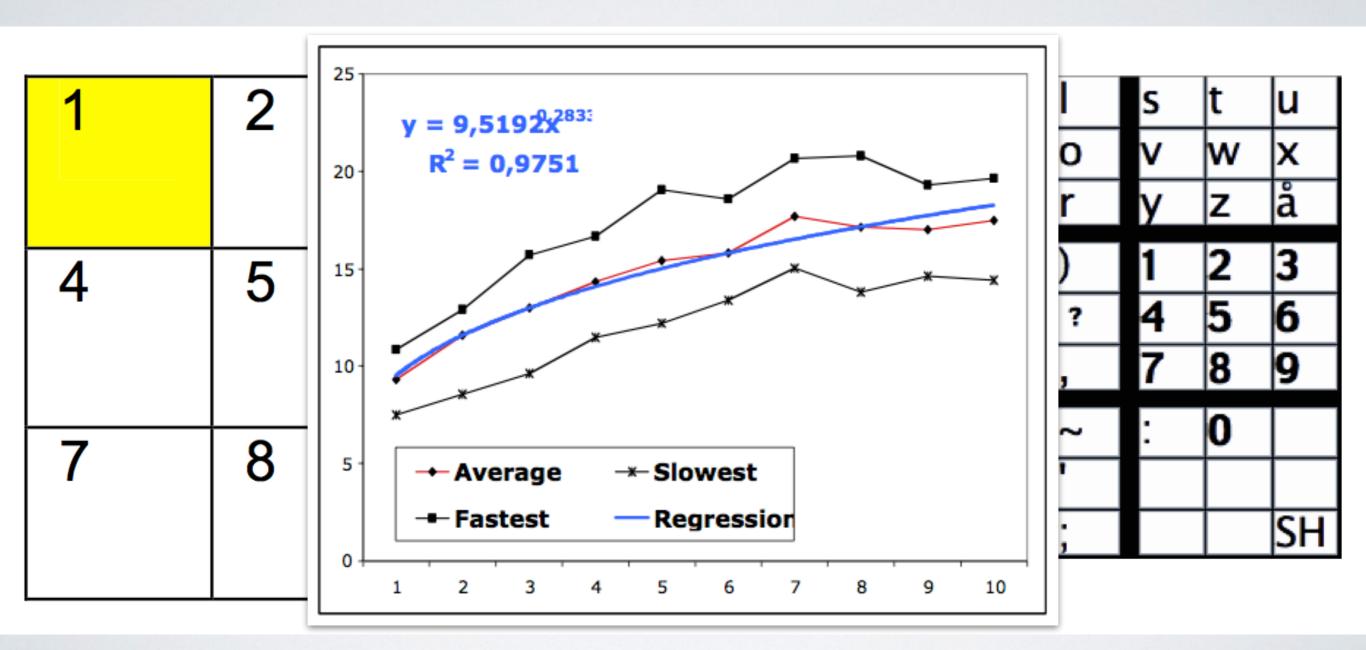
for this pattern!

# Total A Nameric Keypad Based Text Input Method

1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9

a	b	С	j	k	I	S	t	u
d	e	f	m	n	О	V	w	Х
g	h	i	p	q	r	У	Z	å
ä	Ö	1/2	/	(	)	1	2	3
!	"	#			?	4	5	6
¤	%	&	<	>	,	7	8	9
=	-	§	]	١	~	:	0	
@	£	\$	۸	*	'			
{	}	[		μ	,			SH

# TNT – A Numeric Keypad Based Text Input Method



# Industry Demands

- Conformity to standards, legacy
- Advertisement is important
   (e.g., Cl+ standard: no ad skipping)
- Broadcaster dependency
- Interactivity vs. attention
- Creeping featurism sells better (e.g., "Smart" TVs with a browser)



In-class exercise:

How about research?

# Selected Research Papers from TVX 2014



- ACM SIGCHI conference
- Former EuroITV conference
- 2014: 140 attendees, 20 papers
- Industry track

Who are the users?

iTV consumers (i.e., viewers)

iTV producers (e.g., content editing)

### Input Devices for iTV (I)

Bobeth et al.: Tablet, Gestures, Remote Control? Influence of Age on Performance and User Experience with iTV Applications, TVX 2014

RQI: How does the performance of older and younger adults differ when controlling iTV applications with different input modalities?

RQ2: Is there a difference in the UX of older and younger adults when using different input modalities, in terms of usability, effectiveness, satisfaction, and efficiency?



Nutrition Tracker

Photo Browser

### Input Devices for iTV (I)

Bobeth et al.: Tablet, Gestures, Remote Control? Influence of Age on Performance and User Experience with iTV Applications, TVX 2014

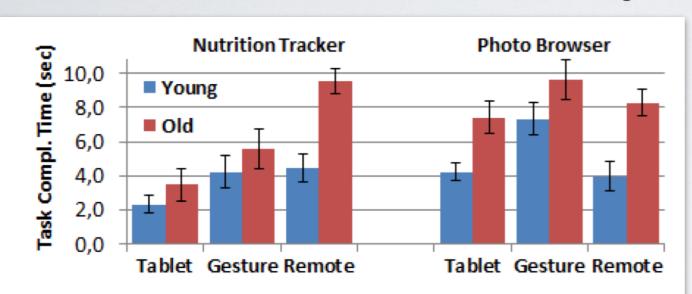


Figure 3: Task completion times for all experimental conditions. Error bars show 95% CI.

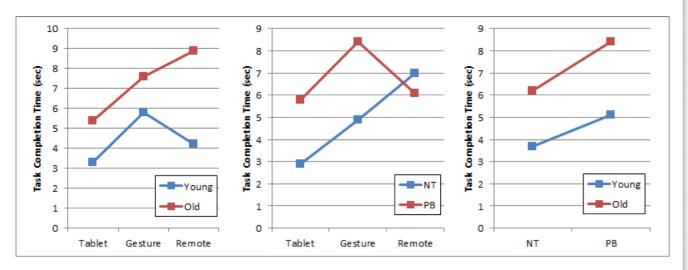


Figure 4: Interaction graph for Interaction Modality x Age (left), Interaction Modality x Application (middle) and Application x Age (right).

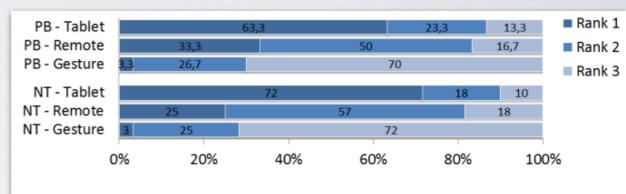


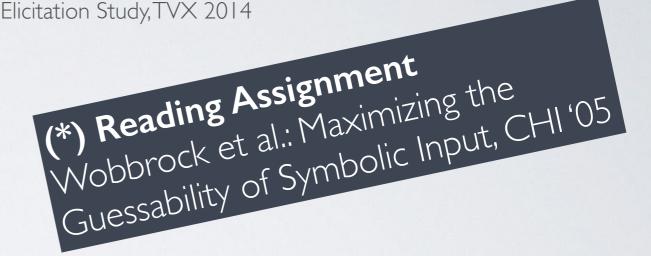
Figure 5: Ranking of the input modalities in percentage for Photo Browser (PB) and Nutrition Tracker (NT).

- Usability, effectiveness,
  satisfaction, efficiency:
  G rated lower than T, R (sig.)
- Mirrored T works best
- **G** were not accurate and robust
- R works well for linear tasks

## Input Devices for iTV (2)

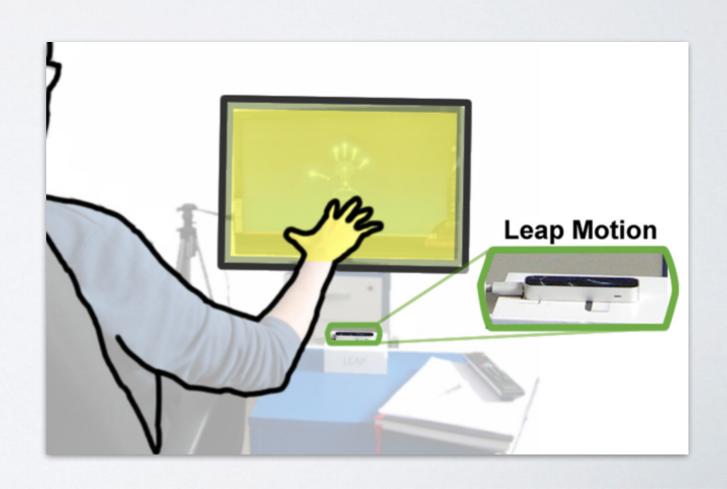
Vatavu et al.: Leap Gestures for TV: Insights from an Elicitation Study, TVX 2014

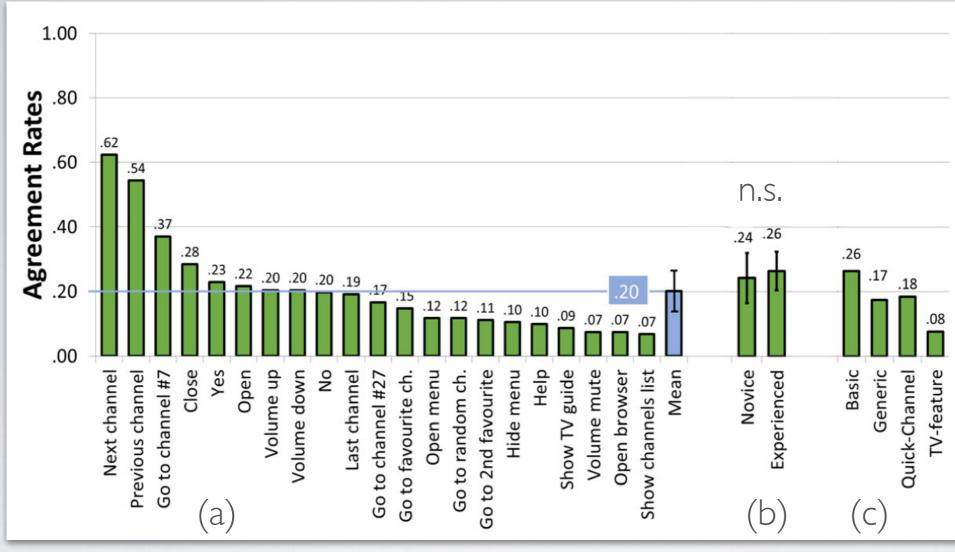
**RQ:** What are users' preferences for interacting with iTV using free-hand gestures?

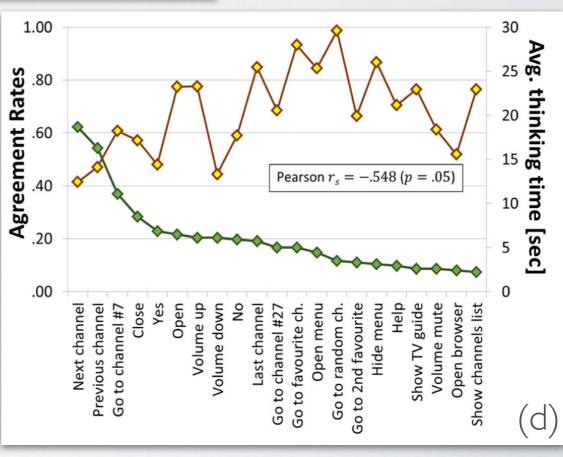


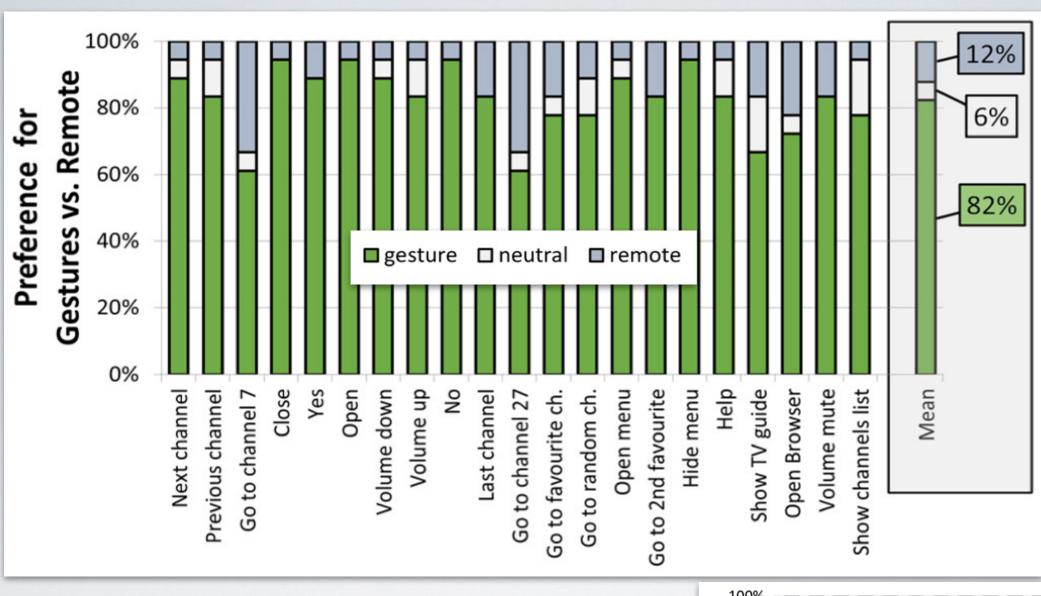
#### **Experiment**

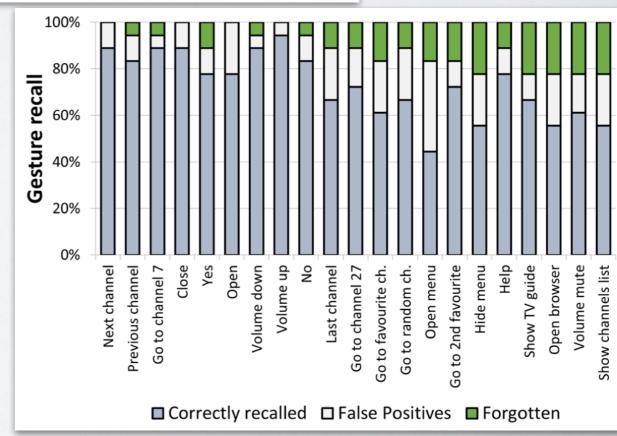
- Based on elicitation study (\*)
- 18 participants
- TV + Leap Motion Controller
- 21 referents (effect of a gesture) based on 4 categories:
  - Basic, generic, channel, feature
- Task: perform a gesture for a referent (show as text)











#### Gesture set

- Look at the paper! (appendix)
- Based on highest agreement
- Goal: inspire designers

Volume up	<b>Move hand upward</b> , hand in pinch pose expanding fingers, thumbs-up with moving to the right, thumbs up moving upwards twice, move hand upward, rotate imaginary button to the right, draw "+", opening hand from thumb-index pinch, draw triangle pointing up, open palm, draw circle clockwise, hand performing the "go away" cultural gesture
Volume down	<b>Move hand downward</b> , from open palm to index-thumb pinch, thumbs-up with moving to the left, thumbs up moving downwards twice, rotate imaginary button to the left, move hand from left to right, draw triangle pointing down, closing into a pinch all (all finger tips touching), draw circle counter-clockwise, hand performing "come closer" cultural gesture
Volume mute	Closing fingers into pinch, fist followed by extending little finger, open palm, thumbs-down to thumbs-up, draw "X", close fist, open palm to index-thumb pinch, thumb-little finger pinch, open palm facing down move left to right, draw crossed zero, draw circle counter-clockwise, move hand downward, move hand left to right, move hand right to left, move palm away from body

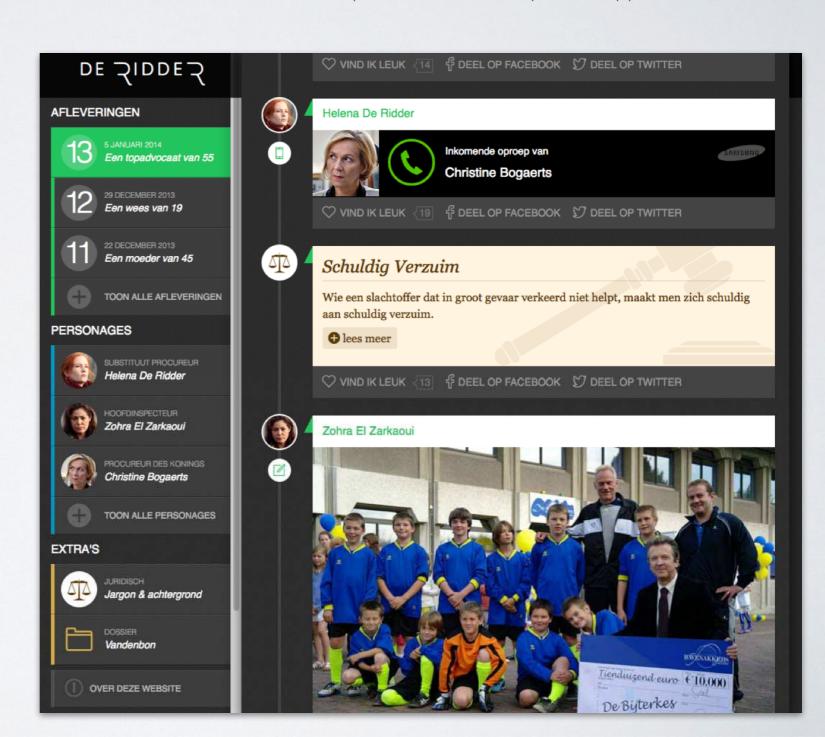
#### Design implications (selected)

- I. Finger and hand pose gestures are preferred to remotes, but there is low agreement between users.
- 2. Users fall back on previously acquired gesture interaction models.
- 3. Preference for 2-D gestures.

- 4. Users prefer either motion or hand pose gestures, and combinations of these two are less likely.
- 9. Users show preference for drawing letters in mid-air to execute tasks whose names start with those letters.

Geerts et al.: In Front of and Behind the Second Screen: Viewer and Producer Perspectives on a Companion App, TVX 2014

- RQ: How to design companion apps?
- How? Interviews with professionals, recordings at home, analytics on 2nd screen app usage
- · Criteria:
  - Ease of use
  - Timing
  - Social interaction
  - Attention
  - Added value



Geerts et al.: In Front of and Behind the Second Screen: Viewer and Producer Perspectives on a Companion App, TVX 2014

#### Ease of use

- No accounts!
- Single app per broadcaster!

#### Social interaction

- App is catalyst for conversation (e.g., polls)
- Use app as personal remote,
   promote results on 1st screen

#### Timing

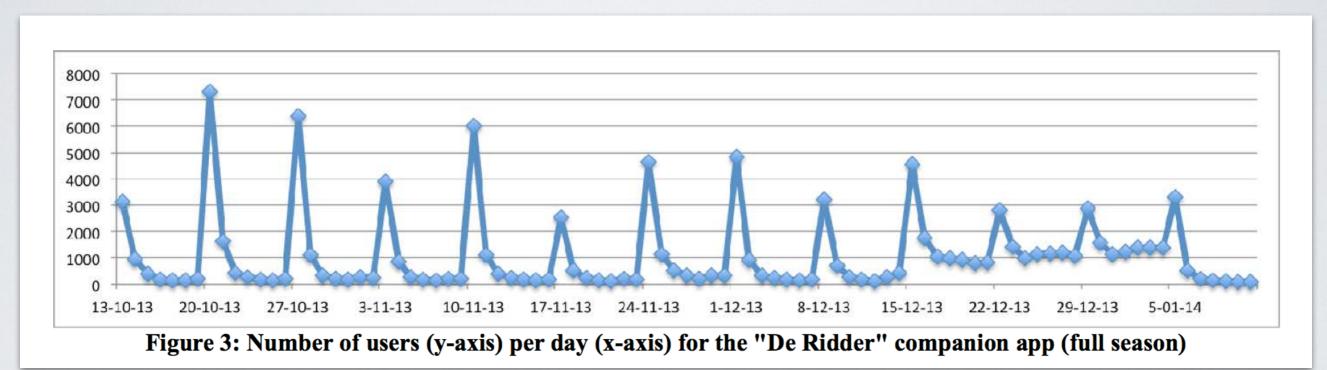
- Live viewing
  - Text messages
  - Polls
  - Broadcasters sync by hand

#### Delayed viewing

- App not in sync, unusable
- But: recordings more important than app

Geerts et al.: In Front of and Behind the Second Screen: Viewer and Producer Perspectives on a Companion App, TVX 2014

#### Usage



- Users look back at info updates
- Provide update history!
- App mostly used only when show is being aired
  - Against broadcasters interests

Geerts et al.: In Front of and Behind the Second Screen: Viewer and Producer Perspectives on a Companion App, TVX 2014

#### Attention

- Use timer to indicate when next update is due!
- Users expect updates on certain events (e.g., actors text messaging)
- If no updates for a while: users will switch to other apps
- If an update contains too much content: not consumed, content might be missed

Geerts et al.: In Front of and Behind the Second Screen: Viewer and Producer Perspectives on a Companion App, TVX 2014

#### Added value

- Character quotes: only funny quotes
- Polls: answer must not be obvious
- Diegetic content (e.g., text messages, newspaper articles, pictures)
  - very much appreciated because it's additional content
- Non-diegetic content (meta information)
  - appreciated but must be concise/short
- Broadcasters fear distraction from 1st screen
  - Challenge: right balance between engagement and distraction
- Producers fear effort of designing 2nd screen app does not pay off

# What to evaluate?

Usability

Is the system/application easy to use?

Sociability

Is the social interaction supported well?

- Sociability testing requires good usability
  - Do not combine usability and sociability testing!

# What's different for TV?

- Physical characteristics of interaction
- Social characteristics
- Time-related aspects
- Broadcast-related aspects
- Watching TV is optional/additional task



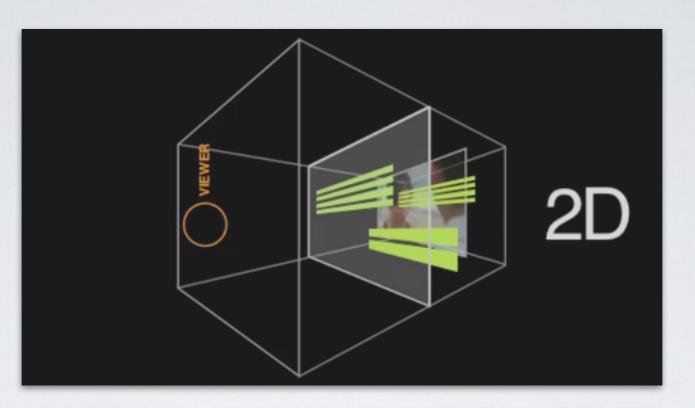
- · Single vs. group interaction
- For groups: users must know each other!

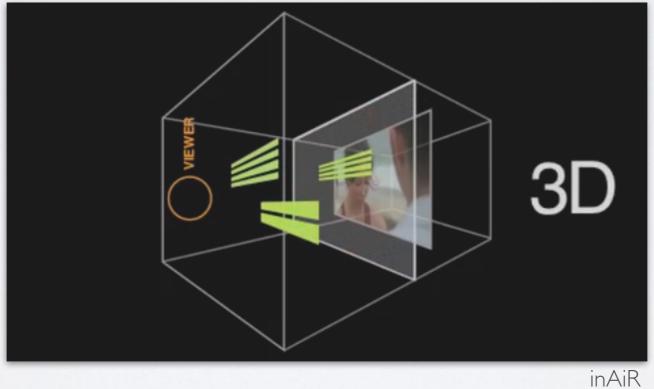
# Content

- Must match the users' preferences!
- Genres must be sociable
- Pre-recorded: content might be known
- Live: difficult to control



- In the field (~ at home)
  - + Natural environment
  - + Suitable for long-term studies
  - Technical set up complexity
  - Observation difficult
    - Diary studies, logs, video recordings (?)
- In the lab
  - More or less the opposite of in the field





WHAT'S NEXT? | Beyond a limited, flat screen?



http://inair.tv





http://www.ambilightplayer.philips.com

DEMO | Philips Ambilight

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=re|EatGRV0w

VIDEO

IllumiRoom, Microsoft Research CHI/SIGGRAPH 2013

### Conclusion & Take-Aways

TV is not dead.

(Live) TV is a social event.

Backchannel for interactivity.

From lean-back to lean-forward.

Input beyond a classic remote.

We multi-screen.

Social TV and 2nd screen.

Industry vs. research.

Usability and sociability.

Augmented TV beyond a flat screen.

